Logically Determined Design and Flow Computing with With NULL Convention Logic

First Principles

Karl Fant

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Materials of this conversation, slides and circuit movie, can be downloaded from karlfant.net/ytvideo

The NULL Convention

Given an element with two distinct states such as high and low voltage on an electronic wire we assign one state to mean "data" and the other state to mean "not data", which we will call NULL. This is in contrast to assigning both states a data meaning such as 0,1 or True, False.

The Multi-rail Convention

With only one data state data variables will be multi-rail encoded. A binary variable will be dual-rail encoded with two wires, one meaning 0 the other meaning 1, only one of which will be data at a time.

The Completeness Convention

We define patterns of each state that represent completeness. Consider the output of a dualrail ripple carry adder which begins with all rails null. Inputs transition to data and output rails begin transitioning to data. When the add is done exactly one rail of each output dual-rail variable has transitioned to data which is a data state completeness pattern upon the occurrence of which the input can begin transitioning to null. All output rails transitoned to null is a null state completeness pattern upon the occurrence of which the input can begin transitioning to data and so on...



NULL Convention Logic (NCL)

A Dual threshold logic with state holding behavior.

Logic operators with a completeness threshold for DATA and a completeness threshold for NULL:

- transitions its output to DATA only when its data threshold is met,
- transitions its output to NULL only when its input is completely NULL and
- maintains its output when its input is between the two thresholds.



NCL Dual Threshold Logic Functions



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The multi-rail convention

With only one data value, an M value variable is expressed with M rails only one of which will express its DATA value at a time.

	Wire numeric base 2 meanings NULL 0 1					Wire Logical meanings NULL TRUE FALSE
	#1 #2	- N - N	D N	N D		#1 N D N #2 N N D
Wire	re numeric base 4 meanings					Wire general meanings
	NULL	0	1	2	3	NULL Animal Vegetable Mineral
#1 -	— N	D	Ν	Ν	Ν	#1 N D N N
#2 -	— N	Ν	D	Ν	Ν	#2 — N N D N
#3 -	— N	Ν	Ν	D	Ν	#3 — N N N D
#4 -	— N	Ν	Ν	Ν	D	
Wire numeric base 10 meanings						Wire control meanings NULL_Select A_Select B_Select C
	NU	JLL 1 2	3456	57890 		#1 N N N
#1	<u> </u>	N D N	ΝΝΝΝ			#2 — N N D N
#2	— I	N N D	ΝΝΝΝ			#3 — N N N D
#3	— I	N N N				
#4						Wire other meanings
#5	I	N NN	NNDN	I N N N N		NULL First Second Third Fourth
#6	— I	N NN	NNNE) N N N N		#1 N D N N N
#7	— I	N NN	NNNN			#2 <mark>N N D N N</mark>
#8	— I	N N N	NNNN	NDNN		#3 — N N N D N
#9	<u> </u>	N NN	ΝΝΝΝ	NNDN		#4 — N N N N D
#10	— I	N N N	ΝΝΝ	NNND		

Movie discusion

Self Coordination: The Oscillation

Completeness is fed back with inversion (closure) creating an oscillation with:

- one or more sources,
- a completeness flow path and
- one or more destinations



The oscillation Link coordinates flow from oscillation to oscillation

When linked oscillations present data to a link it will pass a data wave and maintain the data wave until the oscillations present null When linked oscillations present null to a link it will pass a null wave and maintain the null wave until the oscillations present data

The expression is purely in terms of logical relationships

Since the combinational expression and the link are both in terms of logical relations they can be optimized together



Other combinational ranks can be made a link



Any combinational rank can be made a link



The oscillation structure can be optimized in terms of the logic



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